

The background features a large, faint watermark of the Foursquare logo, which is a stylized 'F' inside a speech bubble shape, set against a pattern of concentric, wavy lines.

# iOS at Foursquare

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January 2017

**FOURSQUARE**

3 apps, 1 xcworkspace

**FOURSQUARE**  
CITY GUIDE

**FOURSQUARE**  
*Swarm*

**FOURSQUARE**  
*marsbot.*



# 3 apps, 1 xcworkspace, ~100 provisioning profiles

The screenshot shows the Xcode interface for a project named 'batman'. The top status bar indicates the build succeeded for 'batman-development-strict' on a 'Generic iOS Device' in 26.769s. The left sidebar shows a project structure with folders for 'batman', 'robin', 'marsbot', 'foursquare-ios-core', and 'FSLog'. The main area displays the 'PROJECT' settings for 'batman', including 'TARGETS' (prebuild, batman, batmanwatch, etc.) and 'Deployment Target' (iOS Deployment Target: 9.0). The 'Configurations' section shows a table of configurations, and the 'Localizations' section shows a table of localized resources.

**Deployment Target**

iOS Deployment Target: 9.0

**Configurations**

Name	Based on Configuration File
▶ Debug	No Configurations Set
▶ Test	No Configurations Set
▶ Debug-Strict	No Configurations Set
▶ Enterprise	No Configurations Set
▶ Enterprise-Stable	No Configurations Set
▶ Distribution	No Configurations Set

Use: Enterprise for command-line builds

**Localizations**

Language	Resources
Catalan	4 Files Localized
English — Development Language	6 Files Localized
French	4 Files Localized
German	4 Files Localized
Indonesian	4 Files Localized
Italian	4 Files Localized
Japanese	4 Files Localized
Korean	4 Files Localized
Portuguese	4 Files Localized

# FSCoreAppDelegate

- Shared library initialization
  - AppsFlyer
  - Branch
  - Button
  - Facebook
  - Hockey
  - Moat
- User authentication
- URL routing
- Analytics and tracking
- Remote notification setup and handling

 <code>authTokenIdentifier</code>
 <code>needsToConfirmUser</code>
 <code>@property (nonatomic, copy) void (*finishedCrashReportingBlock)();</code>
 <code>safeCrashViewController</code>
 <code>deferredWSID</code>
 <code>@implementation FSCoreAppDelegate</code>
 <b>Hockey Identifiers</b>
 <code>-hockeyLiveIdentifier</code>
 <code>-hockeyBetaIdentifier</code>
 <code>-appGroup</code>
 <b>Analytics Identifiers</b>
 <code>-appAnalyticsClientType</code>
 <b>Application Lifecycle</b>
 <code>-init</code>
 <code>-dealloc</code>
 <code>-application:didFinishLaunchingWithOptions:</code>
 <code>-setupApplication:withLaunchOptions:</code>
 <code>-setupApplicationFinished:withLaunchOptions:</code>
 <code>-applicationDidEnterBackground:</code>
 <code>-applicationWillEnterForeground:</code>
 <code>-applicationDidBecomeActive:</code>
 <code>-applicationWillTerminate:</code>
 <code>-applicationDidOpen</code>
 <code>-setupAppRoutes</code>
 <code>-coreAppRootHelper</code>
 <b>Background App Refresh</b>
 <code>-application:performFetchWithCompletionHandler:</code>
 <b>WatchKit Session</b>
 <code>-generateApplicationContext</code>
 <code>-updateApplicationContext</code>
 <code>-session:didReceiveUserInfo:</code>
 <code>-handleRetrievedSessionUserInfo:</code>
 <code>-session:didReceiveMessage:replyHandler:</code>
 <b>Registering for and handling Notifications</b>
 <b>Registering for Notifications</b>
 <code>-registerForRemoteNotifications</code>
 <code>-application:didRegisterForRemoteNotificationsWithDeviceToken:</code>
 <code>-application:didFailToRegisterForRemoteNotificationsWithError:</code>
 <b>Shared Notification Handling</b>
 <code>-remoteNotificationWasIgnored:</code>
 <code>-handleOrDeferNotification:applicationState:</code>
 <code>-handleActiveStateNotification:</code>
 <code>-handleLocalNotification:applicationState:</code>
 <code>-handleRemoteNotification:applicationState:</code>
 <b>Pre-iOS 10 Notifications (UINotifications)</b>
 <code>-handleContentAvailableNotificationWithApplication:notification:fetchCompletionHandler:</code>



# FSCoreViewController

- Keyboards are hard
- Custom view lifecycle notifications and delegate methods (viewWillAppear, etc)
- URL routing support
- FSCoreScrollViewController, etc.



```
@interface FSCoreViewController()  
P isObservedKeyboardVisible  
P curKeyboardOrigin  
P transactions  
P appearanceCount  
P didAppear  
P prevMetricsList  
P titleViewAnimatingIn  
P titleViewAnimatingOut  
P subscribedToKeyboardNotifications  
P lastKeyboardRect  
P previousKeyboardContainerHeight  
P disableKeyboardTweening  
P viewDidReallyDisappear  
P viewInProcessOfDisappearing  
P fsTopLayoutGuide  
P fsBottomLayoutGuide  
P deferredBarButtonItemUpdates  
M -previousKeyboardContainerHeightValue  
C @implementation FSCoreViewController  
  
NSObject  
M -dealloc  
  
Controller Proxy  
M +setCoreViewControllerProxyGenerator:  
M +coreViewControllerProxyGenerator  
  
UIViewController  
M -sharedInit  
M -initWithNibName:bundle:  
M -viewDidLoad  
M -viewWillAppear:  
M -applicationDidEnterBackground:  
M -applicationWillEnterForeground:  
M -viewWillAppear  
M -beingDismissedByGesture  
M -returnedToViewFromGesture  
M -viewDidAppear:  
M -updateBackGesture  
M -viewDidFirstAppear  
M -viewWillDisappear:  
M -viewDidDisappear:  
M -fsGetMainScrollView  
M -fsTopLayoutGuideShouldIncludeNavigationBar  
M -fsBottomLayoutGuideShouldIncludeNavigationBar  
M -fsBottomLayoutGuideShouldIncludeTabBar  
M -viewDidLayoutSubviews  
  
FSCoreViewController  
M -isVisible  
M +viewControllerForFSRouteInData:  
▼
```



# FSQCellManifest

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# FSQCellManifest

A UITableView and UICollectionView delegate and datasource that provides a simpler unified interface for describing your sections and cells.

- Describe your cell structure in one place in code.
- Extensive configuration options and convenience properties to support almost any kind of table or collection view you may have.
- Provides a unified interface for table and collection views.



We use `FSQCellManifest` as a base for almost every view controller we make



# Simplification FTW!

- Moves height and cell-reuse/configuration code out of view controllers / data sources into the cell classes themselves, making cells easier to reuse in different screens.
- Allows you to define cell behaviors using blocks instead of delegate callbacks.
- Removes need to pre-register cell identifiers.
- Avoid series of huge switch statements and hard-to-maintain cell placement logic.





# Example

FSQCellManifest

# Example

- Yup, these are in Objective-C.
- Yup, this works in Swift.



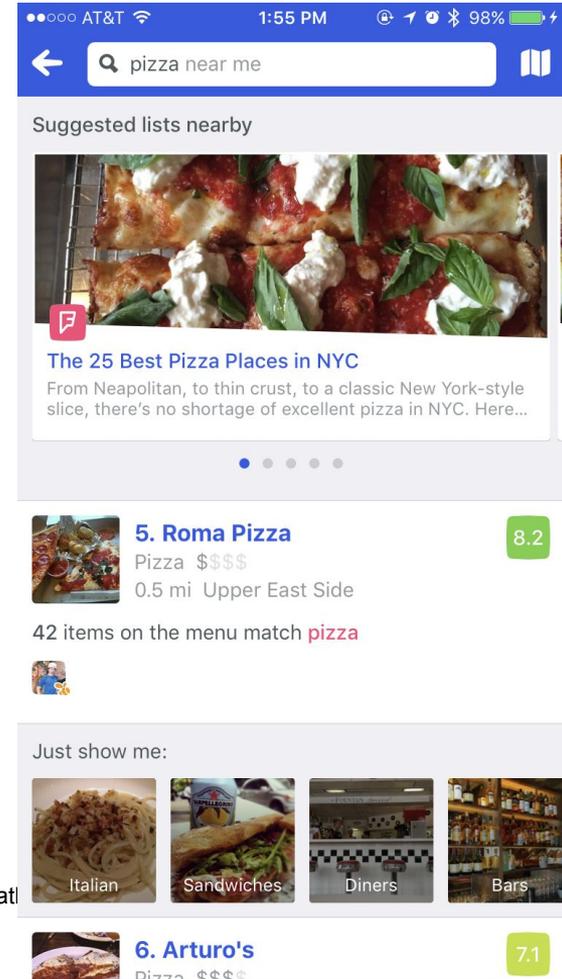
# Tableviews the standard way

```
- (NSInteger)numberOfSectionsInTableView:(UITableView *)tableView {
    return 1;
}

- (NSInteger)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView numberOfRowsInSection:(NSInteger)section {
    NSInteger rowCount = self.venuesToDisplay.count;
    if (self.listPivots.count > 0) {
        ++rowCount;
    }
    rowCount += self.pivots.count;
    return rowCount;
}

- (UITableViewCell *)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView cellForRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath {
    if (indexPath.row == 3 && self.listPivots.count > 0) {
        ListPivotsCell *cell = [tableView dequeueReusableCellWithIdentifier:@"listPivotsIdent" forIndexPath:indexPath];
        // config
        return cell;
    }

    NSInteger pivotOffset = self.listPivots.count > 0 ? 5 : 4;
    if (indexPath.row >= pivotOffset && indexPath.row < (pivotOffset + self.pivots.count) {
        Pivot *pivot = self.pivots[indexPath.row - pivotOffset];
        UpsellPivotCell *cell = [tableView dequeueReusableCellWithIdentifier:@"upsellPivotsIdent" forIndexPath:indexPath];
        // config
        return cell;
    }
}
```



There is a lot more  
that didn't fit on  
that slide!



# Just for this quick example:

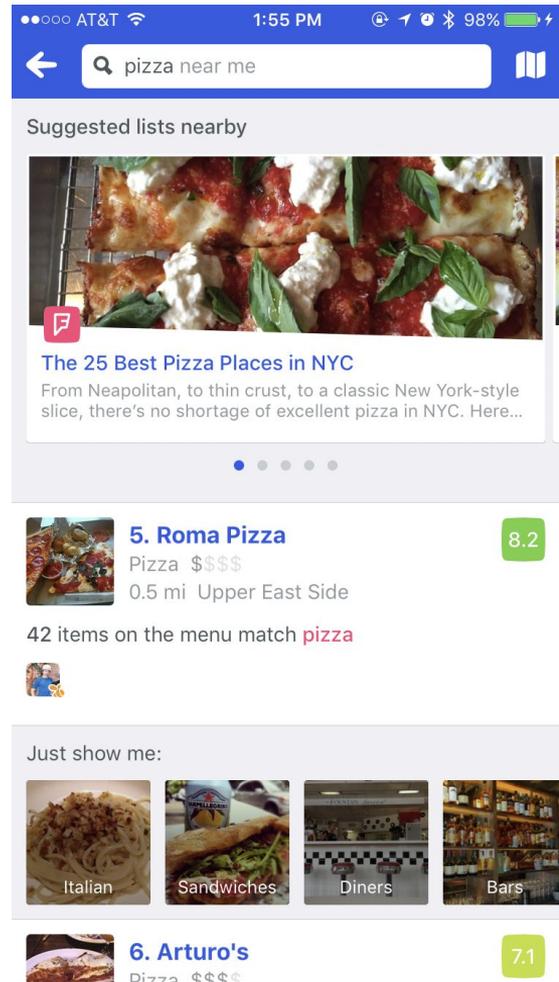
- (NSInteger)tableView:(UITableView \*)tableView numberOfRowsInSection:(NSInteger)section;
- (UITableViewCell \*)tableView:(UITableView \*)tableView cellForRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath \*)indexPath;
- (NSInteger)numberOfSectionsInTableView:(UITableView \*)tableView;
  
- (void)tableView:(UITableView \*)tableView willDisplayCell:(UITableViewCell \*)cell forRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath \*)indexPath;
- (CGFloat)tableView:(UITableView \*)tableView heightForRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath \*)indexPath;



# Tableviews using FSQCellManifest

```
- (void)reloadData {
    NSArray<FSQCellRecord *> *venueRecords = [FSQCellRecord withModels:self.venuesToDisplay
        cellClass:[VenueCell class]
        configBlock:nil
        selectBlock:^(TableViewController *controller, VenueModel *cellModel, NSIndexPath *indexPath) {
            [controller pushVenue:cellModel];
        }];
    NSArray<FSQCellRecord *> *upsellPivots = [FSQCellRecord withModels:self.pivots
        cellClass:[UpsellPivotCell class]
        configBlock:nil
        selectBlock:^(TableViewController *controller, UpsellPivot *cellModel, NSIndexPath *indexPath) {
            [controller pivotTapped:cellModel];
        }];
    venueRecords = [venueRecords arrayByInsertingObjects:upsellPivots startingAtIndex:4];
    if (self.listPivots.count > 0) {
        FSQCellRecord *listPivot = [FSQCellRecord withModel:self.listPivots
            cellClass:[ListPivot class]
            configBlock:^(TableViewController *controller, id cell, id cellModel, NSIndexPath *indexPath) {
                // set up tapping for each list
            }
            selectBlock:nil];
        venueRecords = [venueRecords arrayByInsertingObject:listPivot atIndex:3];
    }

    self.manifest.sectionRecords = [FSQSectionRecord withCellRecords:venueRecords];
}
```



# How is height (and size for collection views) of each cell calculated?



This logic lives in each cell subclass.

- Conform to `FSQCellManifestTableViewCellProtocol`
- The manifest will call the required height/size method, passing in the model and table/collection view size.
- The manifest is in charge of calling this.
- Let's the cell own the size calculation.
  - Makes cell reuse and view controller refactoring a little easier.



# Plugins

- Easily add on extra functionality in separate compartmentalized classes.
- A plugin is like an extra delegate object that can receive all of the manifest's many delegate callbacks in addition to the actual delegate object.
- Plugins can be set when the manifest is initialized, or added/removed later.
  - In this way, features that are only needed by certain screens can be added when needed.
- Plugins also gives you the ability easily write generic code that will work



# FSQCellManifest

- <https://github.com/foursquare/FSQCellManifest>
- CocoaPods
- Carthage

